

SEAWAY NOTICE NO. 2 – 2008

General Notice

This notice cancels and supersedes all previous Seaway Notices and Regional Notices to Shipping issued prior to December 31, 2007.

1. EASTERN STANDARD TIME/DAYLIGHT SAVING TIME

The Seaway entities will be operating on Eastern Daylight Saving Time from the opening of the navigation season. At 0200 hours on November 2, 2008, the operating time will revert to Eastern Standard Time.

2. SEAWAY DRAFTS

Seaway Notice No. 1 – 2008 outlines the maximum permissible draft for the Montreal – Lake Ontario and Welland Canal sections respectively.

It is the responsibility of the master to ensure that the permissible drafts are not exceeded. Overdraft vessels create scheduling problems and are a source of delay to users, especially if discharge of cargo is required.

During hot weather, the masters must be aware of "hogging" conditions and allow for this within the permissible draft.

Vessels departing in ballast from ports / dock located in the Montreal-Lake Ontario section, including Lake Ontario Ports, must ensure that the vessel's minimum drafts as stated in the ESI report are respected prior to resuming their transit.

3. SPEED LIMITS

The speed limits indicated in Column III, of the attached schedule of speed limits, will be in effect as of the opening of the navigation season. Vessels must operate within the established speed limits. A speed monitoring program will be carried out throughout the navigation season. Refer to Seaway Notice No. 1 - 2008 for further information.

4. VESSEL EQUIPMENT

Accidents and potentially serious incidents have occurred due to malfunctions of essential equipment and, sometimes, to the failure of ship personnel to understand their equipment. Mariners are reminded that:

- a) Generators that supply power to winches and/or bow thrusters must be operating and on line at all times. When automatic start emergency standby equipment is not available, watchkeeping engineers must be fully conversant with emergency changeover;
- b) Wrong-way propeller alarms, wrong-way pitch alarms and engine interlocks are essential safety devices that must be fully operational at all times during transit. It is

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important that a regular testing procedure, to verify the functioning of these installations, be established on board the vessel. The visible and audible alarms are to have a time delay of not greater than eight (8) seconds;

- c) In the interest of safety, it is essential that Part VII Sections 81, 84 and 85 of the Seaway Handbook, "Reporting of Accidents, Impairment or other Hazards by Vessels Transiting or Intending to Transit the Seaway" be strictly adhered to;
- d) While transiting the Seaway, the master of a ship shall immediately report to the nearest Seaway station any malfunction of the AIS transponder;

Mariners are advised that the AIS unit must be operational when transiting Seaway waters. The AIS unit must transmit a DGPS signal and gyro heading. It is recommended that the following "Self-Checks" on the Minimum Keyboard Display (MKD) are performed prior to Seaway transit.

- Check the heading field to ensure that it is valid. If the heading is not indicated, the AIS unit is not transmitting a "gyro" heading as per IMO guidelines for installation.
- The AIS unit must be connected and transmit position from an external DGPS. Verify on the "GPS source" screen that the source is "External GNSS", this should change automatically to "External DGNSS" when picking up local radio beacons.

On some systems "External GNSS" is indicated as "Secondary" while "External DGNSS" is indicated as "Primary". Please consult your AIS operation manual.

Mariners are advised that the **Minimum Keyboard Display** (MKD) shall be located in such a manner that it will be visible day or night from the conning position.

e) All vessels upbound for the Seaway must test the main propulsion machinery, ahead and astern no more than 24 hours before entering at CIP 2. A record of this test must be maintained on board;

5. OVERALL VESSEL DIMENSIONS

In recent years the design of the superstructure of vessels with machinery and accommodations aft has changed considerably and has generally resulted in an increase in the overall size of the afterhousing. As a result, the bridge wings antenna masts and, in some cases, the samson posts or store cranes are outside the limits of the block diagram in Appendix 1 of the Seaway Handbook, should the stern of the vessel override the lock walls when exiting the locks.

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Masters and pilots must take this condition into consideration and exercise extreme caution when exiting locks, to ensure that the vessel is maintained in proper lock alignment until finally passed and clear of all structures.

Masters are reminded that when bridge wings are folded inboard for Seaway transit, the chains and / or portable stanchions must be the same height as the ship's bridge wings

Certain requirements must be met by vessels greater than 222.5 metres (O.A.L.):

- 1. Vessels must have a rounded stem bar.
- 2. Vessels must be equipped with adequately powered self-tensioning and self-rendering winches and fairleads at an approved location.
- 3. Mariners must comply with special mooring instructions and procedures when proceeding through the locks.

As water levels, changes in seasonal conditions and vessel design can have an impact on the ability of Seaway locks to accommodate vessels with larger dimensions, special consideration must be given in certain cases to ensure a safe and efficient transit for all users. Prior review and approval of ship plans are necessary for all vessels in excess of the current maximum dimensions before permission to transit will be granted.

For further information regarding the transit of ships with dimensions in excess of the current maximum permissible dimensions, please direct inquiries to:

Director, Operations and Technical Services The St. Lawrence Seaway Management Corporation 202 Pitt Street Cornwall, Ontario Canada K6J 3P7

Tel: (613) 932-5170, ext. 3211

Fax: (613) 932-5204

6. RADIO COMMUNICATIONS

a) Reporting To Traffic Control Centre

For reasons of safety and the scheduling of vessel traffic, it is important that vessels report their location at the **actual** established calling-in point, and that vessels report to the nearest Traffic Control Centre prior to departure from Ports and/or Anchorages.

Tel: 315-764-3200 Fax: 315-764-3250



7. DROPPING ANCHOR - LOCK APPROACHES

In several lock approaches, underwater air bubbling equipment is installed. These installations are identified on hydrographic navigation charts as well as by signs located on the approach walls. Masters are reminded that, unless there is an extreme emergency, the dropping of anchors must be avoided in these areas in order to prevent damage to this equipment.

8. AIDS TO NAVIGATION

Mariners are cautioned not to rely solely on buoys for navigational purposes. Buoys should be used only as approximate markers defining channel limits and hazards. Mariners are urged to refer to current hydrographic charts, Sailing Directions and Notices to Mariners.

9. CAPE VINCENT ANCHORAGE

The Saint Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation, in the interest of safety, may be directing vessels that must anchor to do so between Bartlett Point and LB-245. However, no vessel will anchor west of Carleton Island unless instructed by a Seaway officer under the provision of Part III Section 27 of the Seaway Handbook.

10. FLOW PATTERNS

The power entities at the Moses-Saunders Power Generating Station may be conducting peaking operations whenever the flow in the upper St. Lawrence River is below 7,930 m3/s (280,000 cfs). These operations may cause some variations in the normal current patterns and velocities in the vicinity of Iroquois Lock, Copelands Cut Light 46 and downstream of Snell Lock.

11.VERTICAL CLEARANCES

Hydrographic charts indicate the vertical clearances above chart datum. Water levels may be above chart datum and available clearances of overhead structures and cables may therefore be less than indicated on the chart. The maximum permissible height acceptable for transit of the Seaway is 35.5 metres above the vessel's water line. Masters are reminded than when antennas and/or masts are required to be hinged down, it must be for the entire Seaway transit.

12.TAKING STORES OR LANDING GARBAGE

Vessels permitted to take on stores or land garbage at locks must do so in a safe and expeditious manner, so as not to delay other traffic in the system. It is the Master's responsibility to ensure there are sufficient number of ship's crew to attend mooring lines at all times when the ship is in the lock chamber and additional crew is available to receive stores or land garbage.

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The ship's navigation bridge and VHF radios must be manned at all times.

13. MINIMUM CREW REQUIREMENT FOR SEAWAY

Mariners are advised that the minimum number of Certified Deck Officers to be aboard ships greater than 1000 GRT is three, Master and 2 Deck Officers. The number of Certified Engineers to be onboard ships greater than 750 kW is 2 certified engineers. The engine room must be manned at all times in Seaway waters between CIP 2 and Tibbetts Point and between CIP 15 and CIP 16.

Officers holding dual certificates cannot be considered both a Deck Officer and Engineer. The Officer can only be accepted for one position.

The Master and/or Deck Officer must be accompanied by a helmsman at all times while in the wheelhouse.

Sufficient well-rested crewmembers must be available for mooring operations and other essential duties. Ship Inspectors will decide based upon the mooring arrangements of the vessel, the number of crewmembers required.

Vessels that are accepted with minimum crew must participate in the tie-up service.

If ships with minimum crew as outlined above are delayed during transit of the MLO section resulting in the crew not having the required rest periods as per STCW-95, the ship will be directed to safe anchorage until the crew has received proper rest. Captain may be requested to provide the proposed schedule to meet the rest periods as required by STCW-95 prior to start of transit.

14. REPORTING DANGEROUS CARGO

Mariners are reminded that all vessels carrying dangerous cargo, as defined in Part V (72) of the Seaway Handbook, and all tankers carrying liquid cargo in bulk, and all vessels carrying grain under fumigation* are required to file a copy of the current load plan prior to transiting any part of the Seaway system.

Tankers, in ballast, which are not gas-free, must report the previous cargo of each hold on a load plan.

*All ships carrying any quantity of grain under fumigation must provide to traffic control the name of the chemical (fumigant) used and the cargo hold(s) affected.

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Tel: 315-764-3200 Fax: 315-764-3250



Failure to comply with these requirements may result in unnecessary delays or transit refusal. The load plan and other information can be transmitted via fax, twenty-four hours a day, to any of the following numbers.

St. Lambert, Quebec (450) 672-3668 Massena, N.Y. (315) 764-1886 St. Catharines, Ontario (905) 641-4632

15. WATER BALLAST MANAGEMENT

As outlined in Part III, 30 (1) & (2) of Seaway Handbook ships must comply with ballast water management practices to obtain clearance to transit the Seaway. Every ship entering the Seaway after operating beyond the economic exclusive zone must comply with the United States Coast Guard ballast water management practices under 33 Code of Federal Regulations Part 151 Subpart C. Further information can be obtained by contacting the USCG MSD Massena at 315-769-5483.

Mariners are also reminded that since the entry of the mandatory Canadian - Ballast Water Control and Management Regulations in 2006, mariners have to comply with section 6, 7 and 14 of the regulation. Transport Canada is providing information with the publication of "A Guide To Canada's Ballast Water Control and Management Regulations TP 13617 where mariners are to refer to section 5.0 "Reporting Requirements" and section 7 "Loaded Vessels with Tanks Containing Residual Ballast Water" for tanks containing only residuals.

16. PILOT EXCHANGE

Masters are reminded that, for safety concerns, the ship's position must be maintained during pilot exchange at locks.

March 7, 2008

202 Pitt Cornwall, Ontario K6J 3P7 Tel: 613-932-5170 Fax: 613-932-5204

180 Andrews Street Massena, New York 13662-0520

Tel: 315-764-3200 Fax: 315-764-3250



Table of Speeds

	Column I	Column II	Column III	Column I V
Item	From	То	Maximum Speed Over The Bottom (Knots)	
1.	Upper Entrance South shore Canal	Lake St. Louis Buoy A13	10.5	10.5
2.	Lake St. Louis Buoy A13	Lower Entrance Lower Beauharnois Lock	16	16
3.	Upper Entrance Upper Beauharnois Lock	Lake St. Francis Buoy D3	9 (upb) 10.5 (dnb)	9 (upb) 10.5 (dnb)
4.	Lake St. Francis Buoy D3	Lake St. Francis Buoy D49	12 (upb) 13.5 (dnb)	12 (upb) 13.5 (dnb)
5.	Lake St. Francis Buoy D49	Snell Lock	8.5 (upb) 10.5 (dnb)	8 (upb) 10.5 (dnb)
6.	Eisenhower Lock	Iroquois Lock	11.5	10.5
7.	Iroquois Lock	McNair Island Lt. 137	13	10.5
8.	McNair Island Lt 137	Deer Island Lt. 186	11.5	10.5
9.	Deer Island Lt. 186	Bartlett Point Lt. 227	8.5 (upb) 10.5 (dnb)	8 (upb) 10.5 (dnb)
10.	Bartlett PointLt. 227	Tibbetts Point	13	10.5
11.	Junction of Canadian Middle Channel and Main Channel abreast of Ironsides Island	Open Waters between Wolfe and Howe Islands through the said Middle Channel	9.5	9.5
12.	Port Robinson	Ramey's Bend through the Welland By-Pass	8	8
13.	All other canals		6	6

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